

PHỤ LỤC 1.2
ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN TẬP – TUYỂN VIÊN CHỨC GIÁO DỤC NĂM HỌC 2024-2025
PHẦN THI: MÔN TIẾNG ANH

Part 1. Read the passage and choose the best option A, B, C or D to complete each of the blanks from 1 to 25.

Passage 1.

What sort of job should you look for? Much depends on your long-term aim. You need to ask (1)_____ whether you want to specialize in a particular field, work your way up to higher levels of responsibility or (2)_____ of your current employment into a broader field. This job will be studied very carefully when you send your letter of application for your next job. It should show evidence of serious career planning. (3)_____ important, it should extend you, develop you and give you increasing responsibility. Incidentally, if the travel bug is biting, (4)_____ is the time to pack up and go. You can do temporary work for a (5)_____; when you return, pick up where you have left off and get the second job.

- Câu 1:** A. yourself B. oneself C. if D. you
Câu 2: A. over B. off C. into D. out
Câu 3: A. Almost B. Less C. Even D. Most
Câu 4: A. now B. then C. so D. such
Câu 5: A. while B. time C. day D. ages

Passage 2.

Percy Ross was born in 1916 in Michigan. His parents has come to the USA from Latvia and Russia and the family were poor. But Percy soon showed a talent (6)_____ business and made a fortune in the fur trade and auction business. Then disaster struck and he (7)_____ all his money. But he soon made a fortune again - this time by (8)_____ plastic bags. In 1969, he sold his plastic bag company for millions of dollars.

Ross started giving away in 1977: he gave \$50,000 to 50 Vietnamese refugees so that they could make a new home in the USA. Then he held a Christmas party for 1,050 poor children in the American town of Minneapolis. Ross bought a bike for every one of the 1,050 children at the party.

After these first experiences of giving money away, Ross decided to do it on a (9)_____ basis. He started a newspaper column called 'Thanks a Million'. and later a radio show, in order to give away his money. It took years, but Ross finally (10)_____ in giving away his entire fortune.

- Câu 6:** A. with B. for C. of D. on
Câu 7: A. threw B. sent C. lost D. wasted
Câu 8: A. manufacturer B. manufactured C. manufacturing D. manufacture
Câu 9: A. regular B. frequent C. occasional D. usual
Câu 10: A. interested B. succeeded C. invested D. tried

Passage 3.

The invention of the mobile phone has undoubtedly revolutionized the way people communicate and influenced every aspect of our lives. The issue is whether this

technological innovation has (11)_____ more harm than good. In order to (12)_____ the question, we must first turn to the types of consumers. Presumably, most parents (13)_____ are always worrying about their children’s safety buy mobile phones for them to track their whereabouts. We can also assume that most teenagers want mobile phones to avoid missing out on social contact. In this context, the advantages are clear. (14)_____, we cannot deny the fact that text messages have been used by bullies to intimidate fellow students. There is also (15)_____ evidence that texting has affected literacy skills.

- Câu 11:** A. brought B. played C. made D. done
Câu 12: A. answer B. address C. remedy D. put right
Câu 13: A. what B. whom C. which D. who
Câu 14: A. Therefore B. Moreover C. However D. So that
Câu 15: A. indisputable B. arguable C. doubtless D. unhesitating

Passage 4.

(16)_____ breakfast Americans will eat cereal with milk which are often mixed (17)_____ in a bowl, a glass of orange juice, and toasted bread or muffin with jam, butter, or margarine. Another common breakfast meal is scrambled eggs or an omelet with potatoes and breakfast meat (bacon or sausage). People who are on (18)_____ eat just a cup of yogurt. Lunch and dinner are more (19)_____ When eating at a formal dinner, you may be overwhelmed by the number of utensils. How do you tell the difference between a salad fork, a butter fork, and a dessert fork? Most Americans do not know the answer (20)_____ But knowing which fork or spoon to use first is simple: use the outermost utensils first and the utensils closest to the plate last.

- Câu 16:** A. With B. In C. At D. For
Câu 17: A. others B. each other C. one another D. together
Câu 18: A. diet B. holiday C. engagement D. duty
Câu 19: A. varied B. vary C. variety D. variously
Câu 20: A. either B. too C. so D. neither

Passage 5.

Janet got married to Pedro last Saturday, and we went to the wedding, which (21)_____ place in a lovely little church in the country. Janet, the bride wore a beautiful white dress; it had a long train made of silk, and it was carried by a young (22)_____, who was the daughter of her elder sister. At the start, her husband-to-be, the groom, was waiting for her at the front of the church. She walked down the aisle to the front with her father, and after the (23)_____, she came back down again with her husband.

Afterwards, people took photos outside the church, and all the guests were invited to a (24)_____ in a hotel nearby, where we all had a meal. During the meal, the best man, who was Pedro's oldest friend, made a lovely (25)_____ and told everyone about how they had met, what it was like when they first started going out, and what Pedro had said when he had proposed.

- Câu 21:** A. held B. took C. organized D. happens
Câu 22: A. bridegroom B. bride C. best man D. bridesmaid
Câu 23: A. ceremony B. celebration C. party D. custom
Câu 24: A. date B. greeting C. reception D. meeting
Câu 25: A. information B. speech C. notice D. speaking

Part 2. Choose the best option A, B, C or D to complete each sentence from 1 to 75.

Câu 1: I _____ my sister in December as planned.

- A. will see B. have seen C. am going to see D. see

Câu 2: He seems quite _____ with his new job.

- A. satisfied B. satisfy C. satisfying D. satisfies

Câu 3: - "How was the game show last night?" - " _____ "

- A. Great. I gained more knowledge about biology.
B. Just talking about it.
C. It showed at 8 o'clock.
D. I think it wasn't a good game.

Câu 4: Internet cafes allow you _____ your web-based email account.

- A. be accessed B. accessing C. access D. to access

Câu 5: - Where is Jimmy? - He is _____ work. He is busy _____ his monthly report.

- A. in / about B. at / with C. to / through D. on / for

Câu 6: Are you looking forward _____ on your vacation?

- A. going B. to going C. to go D. you go

Câu 7: _____ is the controller of the body.

- A. Nervous System B. Digestive System
C. Skeletal System D. Circulatory System

Câu 8: It is thought that Google _____ cars may transform the way we move around cities in the future.

- A. motionless B. driver C. driverless D. driving

Câu 9: Do you get _____ if your parents ask you to help out in your free time?

- A. boring B. exciting C. annoyed D. annoying

Câu 10: I _____ buy a new car, so I'm saving as much money as possible.

- A. am going to B. will be C. can D. will

Câu 11: I am going to wait until you _____ your work.

- A. had finished B. will finish C. have finished D. finished

Câu 12: Staying _____ is half of the secret to weight control, the other half is is healthy diet that meet your calorie needs.

- A. inactive B. inactively C. actively D. active

Câu 13: John always goes to school by bus, but this week he _____ his brother's motorbike.

- A. is going to ride B. will ride C. is riding D. rides

Câu 14: I'm sure he'll find the film _____.

- A. amusement B. amusing C. amused D. amuse

Câu 15: I have been given 10 tricks to get rid of my bad habits and _____ them with healthy ones.

- A. raise B. nurture C. replace D. keep

Câu 16: If you breathe in deeply, your _____ can expand to twice their normal size.

- A. thinking B. lungs C. brain D. blood

Câu 17: These days, things have become more convenient; for example, you can buy airline tickets at air agencies, _____ you can purchase them online.

- A. yet B. or C. for D. so

Câu 18: This is just an _____ meeting, you just need to dress casually.

- A. serious B. formal C. solemn D. informal

Câu 19: Bio-artificial liver device _____ hope to all those who _____ from extreme liver failure since its introduction.

- A. gives suffers
B. has given are suffering
C. are giving are suffering
D. give is suffering

Câu 20: Fundraising for charity is a _____ thing for everyone to do to help the community.

- A. meaningful
B. meant
C. meaning
D. meaningless

Câu 21: YouTube _____ to become the world most popular video-sharing website since 2005.

- A. grows
B. grew
C. have grown
D. has grown

Câu 22: We are talking about the writer _____ latest book is one of the best-sellers this year.

- A. whom
B. who
C. whose
D. which

Câu 23: Your job is likely to include welcoming guests and receiving _____ for our Charity Centre.

- A. donated
B. donate
C. donors
D. donations

Câu 24: _____ is the member of a family who earns the money that the family needs.

- A. Homemaker
B. Husband
C. Women
D. Breadwinner

Câu 25: If you _____ the doctor's advice, you won't get well.

- A. don't listen
B. take
C. ignore
D. follow

Câu 26: The father typically works outside the home while the mother is _____ domestic duties such as homemaking and raising children.

- A. aware of
B. capable of
C. suitable for
D. responsible for

Câu 27: The more polite you appear to be, _____ your partner will be.

- A. the happiest
B. the more happily
C. the happier
D. the most happily

Câu 28: John made me _____ a lot with his hilarious jokes.

- A. laugh
B. laughed
C. laughing
D. to laugh

Câu 29: Only humans produce _____ tears.

- A. false
B. emotional
C. crocodile
D. feel

Câu 30: Treat others the way you want _____

- A. to treat
B. to be treat
C. to be treated
D. treating

Câu 31: This book contributes little _____ our understanding of the subject.

- A. to
B. of
C. into
D. for

Câu 32: In order to be taken away and used everywhere, modern inventions have a tendency to be small and _____.

- A. coastal
B. portable
C. import
D. airport

Câu 33: He is _____ only depression after losing his beloved cat.

- A. a
B. an
C. the
D. no article

Câu 34: Children might _____ a lot from sharing housework with their parents.

- A. worth
B. have
C. take
D. benefit

Câu 35: I _____ my parents at the weekend. I already bought a train ticket.

- A. am going to visit
B. visited
C. will visit
D. visit

Câu 36: These _____ children encounter many problems and really need our help.

- A. advantage
B. disadvantaged
C. advantaged
D. disadvantage

Câu 37: Nothing will make me _____ my mind.

- A. changes
B. changing
C. to change
D. change

- Câu 38:** The human _____ system is a series of organs responsible for taking in oxygen and expelling carbon dioxide.
A. circulatory **B.** nervous **C.** digestive **D.** respiratory
- Câu 39:** This year, so far, we _____ £16,000 and are still counting.
A. raised **B.** have raised **C.** are raising **D.** have been raised
- Câu 40:** Luckily, I got some _____ advice on how to make a presentation on 'For a better community' from my class teacher.
A. useless **B.** useful **C.** usefulness **D.** uselessness
- Câu 41:** Her husband is very kind. He always cares about her and never puts all of the housework _____ her.
A. in **B.** on **C.** about **D.** with
- Câu 42:** Don't phone me between 6.00 and 9.00 tonight. I _____ then.
A. will study **B.** am studying **C.** will be studying **D.** study
- Câu 43:** American Idol began in 2002, _____ quickly became the most popular entertainment series with viewers in the hundreds of millions.
A. so **B.** but **C.** or **D.** and
- Câu 44:** After eating dinner, I have to do the _____ and then do my homework every day.
A. wash-up **B.** washing-ups **C.** washing-up **D.** washings-up
- Câu 45:** He asked me why _____ to the meeting.
A. you didn't come **B.** I hadn't come **C.** didn't I come **D.** don't I come
- Câu 46:** I'm responsible for cooking dinner as my mother usually works _____.
A. lately **B.** later **C.** early **D.** late
- Câu 47:** He passed his exams _____.
A. successful **B.** successful **C.** successfully **D.** success
- Câu 48:** All forms of discrimination against all women and girls _____ immediately everywhere.
A. must be taken away **B.** must be followed
C. must be allowed **D.** must be ended
- Câu 49:** Paddle-wheel machine helps to clean the wastewater before _____ it for farming.
A. recycling **B.** reducing **C.** rearranging **D.** reusing
- Câu 50:** Today my mother can't help _____ the cooking because she is ill.
A. for **B.** with **C.** of **D.** in
- Câu 51:** My teacher assigned us a writing task about _____ of our favorite singers.
A. biography **B.** biodiversity **C.** biology **D.** biochemist
- Câu 52:** I'd like _____ all of you to enjoy my party on this Friday.
A. inviting **B.** invite **C.** not invite **D.** to invite
- Câu 53:** Volunteers become well _____ of the problems facing the world.
A. concerned **B.** interested **C.** aware **D.** helpful
- Câu 54:** They had a global _____ hit with their album concept about "The dark side of the Moon".
A. top **B.** popular **C.** smash **D.** song
- Câu 55:** My parents let my sister _____ camping with her friends in the mountain.
A. to go **B.** going **C.** not go **D.** go
- Câu 56:** Maria: "Thanks for the lovely evening." Diana: "_____."
A. Oh, that's right **B.** I'm glad you enjoyed it

- C. Yes, it's really great John
Câu 57: - "What are you arguing about?" - " _____"
 A. Well, I think she's right. B. That doesn't matter.
 C. Nothing. D. Yes, we are
- Câu 58:** Their massive salaries let them afford to give _____ huge amounts to charities.
 A. hack B. off C. away D. up
- Câu 59:** I was enjoying my book, but I stopped _____ a program on TV.
 A. reading to watch B. reading for to watch
 C. to read to watch D. to read for watching
- Câu 60:** It is _____ to work in this city with so much noise and pollution.
 A. health B. healthy C. healthful D. unhealthy
- Câu 61:** Coca-Cola _____ in 1886 by John Pemberton, a druggist living in Atlanta.
 A. was inventing B. is invented C. has been invented D. was invented
- Câu 62:** - William: "How did she become famous?" - Scot: " _____"
 A. Yes, she became famous. B. She took part in a lot of contests.
 C. Five years ago. D. It's unbelievable that she was famous.
- Câu 63:** This room _____ since I was born.
 A. was pained B. painted C. has been painted D. has painted
- Câu 64:** - I don't know how to use this computer. - OK, I _____ you now.
 A. am showing you B. will show C. have shown you D. would show you.
- Câu 65:** It's no good _____ him the truth now.
 A. telling B. tell C. to tell D. not to tell
- Câu 66:** I'm happy _____ that you've passed your driving test. Congratulations!
 A. to hear B. not hearing C. hearing D. hear
- Câu 67:** The _____ carry messages between your brain and the rest of your body.
 A. spines B. nerves C. hearts D. lungs
- Câu 68:** You are old enough to take _____ for what you have done.
 A. irresponsible B. responsible C. responsibly D. responsibility
- Câu 69:** You need to be a little more _____ if you want to become a successful novelist.
 A. imaginary B. imagine C. imaginative D. imagination
- Câu 70:** Volunteer organisations are generally small-staffed, so they need to _____ lots of volunteers for a huge event.
 A. employ B. recruit C. catch D. research
- Câu 71:** Hoang _____ his email four times a week in order not to miss anything important.
 A. is checking B. will check C. checks D. check
- Câu 72:** Van Cao is one of the most well-known _____ in Viet Nam.
 A. singers B. musicians C. authors D. actors
- Câu 73:** These games are challenging, _____ it's not easy to spend little time playing them.
 A. so B. and C. for D. or
- Câu 74:** Mrs. Huyen is _____ with what her son did.
 A. disappointed B. disappoint C. disappointment D. disappointing
- Câu 75:** I am going to have a short rest as I _____ a headache.
 A. feel B. have C. suffer D. take

Part 3. Read the passage and choose the best option A, B, C or D to answer the questions from 1 to 25.

Passage 1.

Man is a land animal, but he also closely tied to the sea. Throughout history, the sea has served the needs of man. The sea has provided man with food an convenient way to travel to many parts of the world. Today, nearly two thirds of the world's population live within 80 kilometres of the sea coast.

In the modern technological world, the sea offers many resources to help mankind survive. Resources on land are beginning to be used up. The sea, however, still can be hoped to supply many man's needs. The list of riches of the sea yet to be developed by man's technology is impressive. Oil and gas explorations have been carried out for nearly 30 years. Valuable amounts of minerals exist on the ocean floor are ready to be mined.

Fish farming promises to be a good way to produce large quantities of food. The culture of fish and shellfish is an ancient skill practised in the past mainly by Oriental people.

Besides oil and gas, the sea may offer new sources of energy. Experts believe that the warm temperature of the ocean can be used in a way similar to the steam in a steamship. Ocean currents and waves offer possible use as a source of energy.

Technology is enabling man to explore ever more deeply under the sea. The development of strong, new materials has made this possible. The technology to harvest the sea continues to improve. Experts believe that by the year 2020 the problems that prevent us from exploiting fully the food, minerals, and energy source of the sea will be largely solved.

Câu 1: *The major things that the sea offers man are _____.*

- A. food, energy sources, and minerals
B. minerals and oil
C. fish and oil
D. ocean currents and waves

Câu 2: *The sea serves the needs of man as _____.*

- A. it provides man with food, oil and other valuable sources
B. it offers oil and other valuable sources
C. it provides man with modern technology
D. it provides man with food

Câu 3: *We can conclude from the passage that _____.*

- A. the sea, in a broad sense, has not yet been developed
B. the sea resources have largely been used up
C. the problems that prevent us from fully exploiting the sea have already been solved
D. by the year 2020, the technology will be good enough to exploit all the sea resources

Câu 4: *The words **Oriental people** in the fourth paragraph means _____.*

- A. people in Asia
B. people in Africa
C. European people
D. American people

Câu 5: *The best title for this paragraph is _____.*

- A. Sea Harvest
B. Technology for Exploiting the Sea
C. Seafood
D. Man and the Sea

Passage 2.

Family types vary in different countries and among different cultures. In Western, industrialized societies, the nuclear family ranks as the most common family type. It consists of a father, a mother and their children. But nuclear families exist alongside many other types of family units. In the single-parent family, for example, a mother or a father heads the family alone. A **blended** family is formed when a divorced or widowed parent remarries. As divorce rates have risen, the number of single-parent and blended families has increased.

In many parts of the world, parents and children live together with other family members under the same roof. These complex families usually contain several generations of family members, including grandparents, parents and children. They may also include brothers or sisters and their families, uncles, aunts and cousins. Even when relatives do not live together, they still consider themselves members of the same extended family includes grandparents, uncles, aunts and cousins.

Câu 6: *The second paragraph is about _____.*

- A. the relationship between family members B. the extended family
C. relatives and family members D. American culture

Câu 7: *The nuclear family ranks as the most common family type _____.*

- A. that consists of more than two generations
B. in many industrialized countries
C. that leads to the divorce of parents.
D. in countries with nuclear weapons

Câu 8: *The word “blended” closest in meaning to _____*

- A. complex B. married C. mixed D. formed

Câu 9: *In the single-parent family, _____.*

- A. only one parent lives with his or her child or children
B. the number of blended children has increased
C. children live alone
D. there are often no children

Câu 10: *Grandparents, parents and children are mentioned as _____.*

- A. three branches of a family tree
B. the closest and happiest relatives
C. the three typical generations of an extended family
D. a complex combination

Passage 3.

Orbis is an organization which helps blind people everywhere. It has built an eye hospital inside an aeroplane and flown it all over the world with an international medical team. Samantha Graham, a fourteen-year-old schoolgirl from England, went with the plane to Mongolia. Samantha tells a story of Eukhtuul, a young Mongolian girl.

“Last year, when Eukhtuul was walking from home, she was attacked by boys with sticks and her eyes were badly damaged. Dr. Duffrey, an Orbis doctor, said that without an operation she would never see again. I thought about all the everyday things I do that she couldn’t, things like reading schools books, watching television, seeing friends , and I realized how lucky I am.”

“The Orbis team agreed to operate on Eukhtuul and I was allowed to watch, together with some Mongolian medical students. I prayed the operation would be successful. The next day, I sat nervously with Eukhtuul while Dr. Duffrey removed her bandages. In six months, your sight will back to normal,” he said. Eukhtuul smiled, her mother cried, and I had to wipe away some tears, too!”

“Now Eukhtuul wants to study hard to become a doctor. Her whole future has changed, thanks to simple operation. We should all think more about how much our sight means to us.”

Câu 11: *What is the writer’s main purpose in writing the passage?*

- A. To describe a dangerous trip. B. To explain how sight can be lost.
C. To warn against playing with sticks. D. To report a patient’s cure.

Câu 12: *After meeting Eukhtuul, Samantha felt _____.*

- A. surprised by Eukhtuul's courage B. grateful for her own sight
C. proud of the doctor's skill D. angry about Eukhtuul's experience

Câu 13: *What is the result of Eukhtuul's operation?*

- A. She can see better but won't have normal eyes
B. She will need another operation.
C. She can already see perfectly again
D. After some time she will see as well as before

Câu 14: *Which of the postcard Samantha wrote to an English friend?*

- A. Make sure you take care of your eyes because they're more valuable than you realize.
B. I'm staying with my friend Eukhtuul while I'm sightseeing in Mongolia.
C. You may have to fly a long way to have an operation you need, but the journey will be worth it.
D. I have visited a Mongolia and watched local doctors do an operation.

Câu 15: *What can a reader learn about in this passage?*

- A. The best way of studying medicine.
B. The international work of some eye doctors.
C. The difficulties of blind travelers.
D. The life of schoolchildren in Mongolia.

Passage 4.

Did you know that on average we forget about 80% of the medical information a doctor might give us? This fascinating information came to light as a result of a study carried out by Utrecht University. What is even more interesting is that almost half of what we think we remember is wrong.

Why do you think this is? Well, it's not as **complicated** as you may think. You see, going to the doctor fills most people with anxiety and when we are really nervous and stressed we are more likely to focus on the diagnosis rather than the treatment. Therefore, we know what is wrong with us but have no idea what to do about it.

Here are some good tips to keep in mind when seeing a doctor. Always write down any important information. What would be even better is, if your doctor agreed, to record your consultation. This way, you can replay the advice at home, where you are more likely to **absorb** it. If you believe the situation is serious or you're really worried, seek the help of a family member. Just ask them to accompany you to listen in. This way you can be absolutely sure about what the doctor has told you and avoid falling into the same trap that most people do.

Câu 16: *According to the passage, the information doctors give us _____.*

- A. is mostly forgotten B. is only 80% correct
C. is about 50% wrong D. is usually not enough

Câu 17: *The word "complicated" in the passage is opposite in meaning to _____.*

- A. good B. quick C. short D. simple

Câu 18: *The author says that when people consult a doctor, _____.*

- A. they usually have a family member with them
B. they are interested in knowing what they should do
C. they always believe that their situation is serious
D. they only want to know what is wrong with them

Câu 19: *The word "absorb" in the passage is closest in meaning to _____.*

- A. take in B. inhale C. swallow D. digest

Câu 20: *The author suggests recording the consultant in order to _____.*

- A. refer to it later to better understand your condition
- B. play it to your family members to get their opinions
- C. replay it to write down any important information
- D. use it as evidence against your doctor if necessary

Passage 5.

Music has been integral to our lives. Not all types of music have favourable effects, for example, if it is too loud or noisy or it distracts us from our work. However, in general, surprising benefits for health of music exposure have been discovered.

Overall, music has beneficial effects in pain relief. Listening to music can reduce sensation caused by chronic pain by up to 21% and depression by 25%. Music therapy, therefore, has been applied together with medication to reduce pain during childbirth and surgeries.

Research also shows that music also modifies heartbeat and blood pressure within a positive range. The heart beats faster as we listen to lively music and when the music slows, so do our heart and breath rate. In another study, old people suffering from high blood pressure reported significantly lower blood pressure as a result of listening to calm music after 30 minutes.

Apart from all those benefits, other effects are related to better sleep, strengthened memory and better general health. Most researchers conclude that our preference of music doesn't play the main role, but the tempo and the theme of the music we are exposed to are the most important factors that affect the remedy results.

Câu 21: *What is the best title for the passage?*

- A. Emotional and physical benefits of music
- B. Music can reduce pain
- C. How music affects our brain
- D. Helpful health effects gained from music

Câu 22: *What is TRUE according to the passage?*

- A. Lively music is not good for heartbeat.
- B. All types of music can produce positive results on health.
- C. 25% of sensation caused by pain can be reduced by music.
- D. Music hasn't replaced medicines during childbirth.

Câu 23: *How does slow music modify heartbeat?*

- A. It makes the heart beat faster.
- B. It makes heartbeat slow.
- C. It makes our heart beat slowly and then fast.
- D. It doesn't actually make any changes to heartbeat.

Câu 24: *What is the effect of music on people with high blood pressure?*

- A. Their blood pressure is greatly lowered.
- B. Their blood pressure is slightly lowered.
- C. Their blood pressure is lowered after listening to exciting music.
- D. They can take less medicine.

Câu 25: *What are the most important elements in music therapy?*

- A. The speed and theme of the music
- B. The rhythm and sound of the music
- C. The type and sound of the music
- D. The rhythm and theme of the music

Part 4. Choose one option A, B, C or D corresponding to the sentence which has the same meaning as the original one from 1 to 25.

- Câu 1:** *Unless humans stop poaching, many rare animals will go extinct.*
- A. When humans stop poaching, many rare animals will become extinct.
 - B. If people don't stop poaching, a lot of rare animals will become extinct.
 - C. As soon as people stop poaching, a lot of rare animals will become extinct.
 - D. Provided that people stop poaching, many rare animals will become extinct.
- Câu 2:** *The last time she sent me an email was 5 months ago.*
- A. She has already sent me an email for 5 months.
 - B. She has never sent me an email since 5 months.
 - C. She has not sent me an email for 5 months.
 - D. She has not yet sent me an email since 5 months.
- Câu 3:** *Although she has a beautiful voice, her performance is not skillful.*
- A. Her performance is not skillful so she has a beautiful voice.
 - B. She has a beautiful voice, and that's why her performance is not skillful.
 - C. Her performance is not skillful, and she has a beautiful voice.
 - D. She has a beautiful voice, but her performance is not skillful.
- Câu 4:** *She started using this washing machine last year.*
- A. She has used this washing machine since a year.
 - B. She has used this washing machine for a year.
 - C. She used this washing machine since a year.
 - D. She used this washing machine for a year.
- Câu 5:** *The last time she went out with him was two years ago.*
- A. It's two years ago when she went out with him.
 - B. She didn't go out with him for two years.
 - C. She hasn't gone out with him for two years.
 - D. It's two years that she went out with him.
- Câu 6:** *Is it possible for me to come to your house at about 7p.m?*
- A. Must I come over to your house at about 7p.m?
 - B. Can I come to your house at about 7p.m?
 - C. Could I be come to your house at about 7p.m?
 - D. Will I come to your house at about 7p.m?
- Câu 7:** *The library stays open until seven o'clock.*
- A. The library doesn't close until seven o'clock.
 - B. Not until seven o'clock does the library open.
 - C. Not until seven o'clock the library doesn't close.
 - D. Not until seven o'clock does the library stay close.
- Câu 8:** *Although my father's always busy, he often helps me with my homework.*
- A. My father's always busy because he often helps me with my homework.
 - B. My father's always busy, and he often helps me with my homework.
 - C. My father's always busy, so he often helps me with my homework.
 - D. My father's always busy, but he often helps me with my homework.
- Câu 9:** *We started cooking for the party four hours ago.*
- A. We began to cook for the party for four hours.
 - B. We have been cooked for the party for four hours.
 - C. We have been cooking for the party for four hours.
 - D. We cooked for the party four hours ago.
- Câu 10:** *No one in the team can play better than John.*
- A. John as well as other players of the team plays very well.
 - B. John plays well but the others play better.

- C. John is the best player of the team.
- D. Everyone in the team, but John, plays very well.

Câu 11: *There's no point in persuading him to do this.*

- A. He is able to do this although he does not want to.
- B. I enjoy persuading him to do this.
- C. It would be useful to persuade him to do this.
- D. It is useless to persuade him to do this.

Câu 12: *The giant panda's natural habitat is shrinking.*

- A. The habitat for the giant panda is increasing.
- B. The habitat for the giant panda is getting smaller.
- C. The habitat for the giant panda is staying the same.
- D. The habitat for the giant panda is getting bigger.

Câu 13: *I have my hair cut there every six weeks.*

- A. The hairdresser cuts my hair every six weeks.
- B. My hair needs to cut by the hairdresser every six weeks.
- C. The hairdresser has my hair cut every six weeks.
- D. I get the hairdresser cut my hair every six weeks.

Câu 14: *Please don't use the shower after midnight.*

- A. Would you like to use the shower after midnight?
- B. Would you mind not using the shower after midnight?
- C. Would you mind not to use the shower after midnight?
- D. I don't want you to use the shower.

Câu 15: *"I am sorry. I broke the vase," my little son said.*

- A. My little son threatened to break the vase.
- B. My little son said that he was sorry and he would break the vase.
- C. My little son refused breaking the vase and said sorry.
- D. My little son admitted breaking the vase.

Câu 16: *He couldn't stand being eliminated from the contest.*

- A. He didn't believe that he was thrown out from the contest.
- B. Because he stood, he was eliminated from the contest.
- C. He was eliminated from the contest because he was unable to stand.
- D. He was unable to accept the failure in the contest.

Câu 17: *He sang very badly. Everyone left the room.*

- A. He sang so badly but everyone left the room.
- B. He sang badly as a result of everyone leaving the room.
- C. He sang very badly, so everyone left the room.
- D. Everyone left the room, so he sang badly.

Câu 18: *Your birthday party was the last time I really enjoyed myself.*

- A. Your last birthday party wasn't really enjoyed to me.
- B. I didn't really enjoy myself at your birthday party.
- C. I haven't really enjoyed myself since your birthday party.
- D. I haven't been to your birthday party lastly as I really enjoyed myself.

Câu 19: *"I came back to my town last Sunday." said Mr. Pitt.*

- A. Mr. Pitt said that I had come back to his town the Sunday before.
- B. Mr. Pitt said that he came back to his town the Sunday before.
- C. Mr. Pitt said that I had come back to his town last Sunday.
- D. Mr. Pitt said that he had come back to his town the Sunday before.

Câu 20: *Nick is lazy, so he is punished.*

- A. Nick would not be punished if he were not lazy.
- B. If Nick is not lazy, he would not be punished.
- C. If Nick were lazy, he would be punished.
- D. If Nick were not lazy, he would be punished.

Câu 21: *"You should turn off the lights before going out", Mrs. Hoa said.*

- A. Mrs. Hoa told to turn off the lights before going out.
- B. Mrs. Hoa suggested to turn off the lights before going out.
- C. Mrs. Hoa suggested turning off the lights before going out.
- D. Mrs. Hoa asked to us that we should turn off the lights before going out.

Câu 22: *You won't have a seat unless you book in advance.*

- A. You won't have a seat if you don't book in advance.
- B. You will have a seat if you don't book in advance.
- C. You didn't have a seat because you didn't book in advance.
- D. You can't have a seat although you book in advance.

Câu 23: *This is the first time I've made such a stupid mistake.*

- A. I had never made a stupid mistake.
- B. I first made a stupid mistake.
- C. Never before have I made such a stupid mistake.
- D. The first mistake I made was a stupid one.

Câu 24: *He said: "I bought these books last week".*

- A. He said he had bought those books the week before.
- B. He said he bought these books last week.
- C. He said he had bought these books last week.
- D. He said he bought these books the week before.

Câu 25: *Mark can't wait to use his new computer-games console.*

- A. Mark is looking forward to using his new computer-games console.
- B. Mark is not used to waiting for his new computer-games console.
- C. Mark is patiently waiting to use his new computer-games console.
- D. Mark is eagerly waiting to use his new computer-games console.

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